Permit

Environmental Protection Act 1994

Environmental authority EPSX01589513

This environmental authority is issued by the administering authority under Chapter 5 of the Environmental Protection Act 1994.

Environmental authority number: EPSX01589513

Environmental authority takes effect on 3 August 2022.

Environmental authority holder(s)

Name(s)	Registered address
NQM Gold 2 Pty Ltd	Level 3, 66 Kings Park Road WEST PERTH WA 6005 Australia

Environmentally relevant activity and location details

Environmentally relevant activity/activities	Location(s)
Resource Activity, Non-Scheduled, Mining Activity, Exploration Permit Mineral - EPM	EPM15597
Resource Activity, Non-Scheduled, Mining Activity, Exploration Permit Mineral - EPM	EPM25278
Resource Activity, Non-Scheduled, Mining Activity, Exploration Permit Mineral - EPM	EPM25279
Resource Activity, Non-Scheduled, Mining Activity, Exploration Permit Mineral - EPM	EPM26033
Resource Activity, Non-Scheduled, Mining Activity, Exploration Permit Mineral - EPM	EPM25280
Resource Activity, Non-Scheduled, Mining Activity, Exploration Permit Mineral - EPM	EPM27038
Resource Activity, Non-Scheduled, Mining Activity, Exploration Permit Mineral - EPM	EPM28492
Resource Activity, Non-Scheduled, Mining Activity, Exploration Permit Mineral - EPM	EPM28493

Queensland Government

Additional information for applicants

Environmentally relevant activities

The description of any environmentally relevant activity (ERA) for which an environmental authority (EA) is issued is a restatement of the ERA as defined by legislation at the time the EA is issued. Where there is any inconsistency between that description of an ERA and the conditions stated by an EA as to the scale, intensity or manner of carrying out an ERA, the conditions prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.

An EA authorises the carrying out of an ERA and does not authorise any environmental harm unless a condition stated by the EA specifically authorises environmental harm.

A person carrying out an ERA must also be a registered suitable operator under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* (EP Act).

Contaminated land

It is a requirement of the EP Act that an owner or occupier of contaminated land give written notice to the administering authority if they become aware of the following:

- the happening of an event involving a hazardous contaminant on the contaminated land (notice must be given within 24 hours); or
- a change in the condition of the contaminated land (notice must be given within 24 hours); or
- a notifiable activity (as defined in Schedule 3) having been carried out, or is being carried out, on the contaminated land (notice must be given within 20 business days)

that is causing, or is reasonably likely to cause, serious or material environmental harm.

For further information, including the form for giving written notice, refer to the Queensland Government website www.qld.gov.au, using the search term 'duty to notify'.

Take effect

Please note that, in accordance with section 200 of the EP Act, an EA has effect:

a) if the authority is for a prescribed ERA and it states that it takes effect on the day nominated by the holder of the authority in a written notice given to the administering authority – on the nominated day; or

b) if the authority states a day or an event for it to take effect – on the stated day or when the stated event happens; or

c) otherwise – on the day the authority is issued.

However, if the EA is authorising an activity that requires an additional authorisation (a relevant tenure for a resource activity, a development permit under the *Planning Act 2016* or an SDA Approval under the *State Development and Public Works Organisation Act 1971*), this EA will not take effect until the additional authorisation has taken effect.

If this EA takes effect when the additional authorisation takes effect, you must provide the administering authority written notice within 5 business days of receiving notification of the related additional authorisation taking effect.

The anniversary day of this environmental authority is the same day each year as the effective date. The payment of the annual fee will be due each year on this day. An annual return will be due each year on 01 April.

If you have incorrectly claimed that an additional authorisation is not required, carrying out the ERA without the

additional authorisation is not legal and could result in your prosecution for providing false or misleading information or operating without a valid environmental authority.

Signature	Date
Teale Gibbs Department of Environment and Science Delegate of the administering authority *Environmental Protection Act 1994*	**Enquiries:** Minerals Business Centre Department of Environment and Science Phone: 07 4222 5352 Email: ESCairns@des.qld.gov.au

Obligations under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994*

In addition to the requirements found in the conditions of this environmental authority, the holder must also meet their obligations under the EP Act, and the regulations made under the EP Act. For example, the holder must comply with the following provisions of the Act:

- general environmental duty (section 319)
- duty to notify environmental harm (section 320-320G)
- offence of causing serious or material environmental harm (sections 437-439)
- offence of causing environmental nuisance (section 440)
- offence of depositing prescribed water contaminants in waters and related matters (section 440ZG)
- offence to place contaminant where environmental harm or nuisance may be caused (section 443)

Conditions of environmental authority

For Exploration Permits for Minerals (EPM): EPM15597, EPM25278, EPM25279, EPM25280, EPM26033, EPM27038, EPM28492 and EPM28493

General

With the exception of any variations, the standard conditions of approval for this environmental authority are:

G1 The standard conditions contained within the attached document: Eligibility criteria and standard conditions for exploration and mineral development projects - Version 2 - ESR/2016/1985.

G2 All reasonable steps must be taken to ensure the environmentally relevant activity complies with the eligibility criteria for the activity.

For Exploration Permit for Minerals (EPM): EPM27038, EPM28492 and EPM28493

Additional (variations) conditions:

Matters of State Environmental Significance

L1 Significant residual impacts to prescribed environmental matters are not authorised under this environmental authority or the Environmental Offsets Act 2014.

L2 Records demonstrating that each impact to a prescribed environmental matter did not, or is not likely to, result in a significant residual impact to that matter must be:

a) completed by an appropriately qualified person; and

b) kept for the life of the environmental authority.

Definitions

'significant residual impact' has the meaning in section 8 Environmental Offsets Act 2014.

'**prescribed environmental matters'** has the meaning in section 10 of the Environmental Offsets Act 2014, limited to the matters of State environmental significant listed in schedule 2 of the Environmental Offsets Regulation 2014.

'appropriately qualified person' means a person who has professional qualifications, training, skills or experience relevant to the nominated subject matter and can give authoritative assessment, advice and analysis on performance relating to the subject matter using the relevant protocols, standards, methods or literature.

END OF ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORITY

Attachments

- Eligibility criteria and standard conditions for exploration and mineral development projects - Version 2 - ESR/2016/1985