Permit

Environmental Protection Act 1994

Environmental authority EPPR00443813

This environmental authority is issued by the administering authority under Chapter 5 of the Environmental Protection Act 1994.

Environmental authority number: EPPR00443813

Environmental authority takes effect on 18 April 2024.

Environmental authority holder

Name	Registered address
Quarry Products Pty. Ltd.	3-13A Munro Street, HARLAXTON QLD 4350

Environmentally relevant activity and location details

Environmentally relevant activities	Locations
ERA 16 – Extractive and screening (2) Extracting, other than by dredging, in a year, the following quantity of material – (b) more than 100,000t but not more than 1,000,000t. ERA 16 – Extractive and screening (3) Screening, in a year, the following quantity of material – (b) More than 100,000t but not more than 1,000,000t. ERA 19 – Metal forming (1) Hot forming a total of 10,000t or more of metal in a year. ERA 33 – Crushing, milling, grinding or screening (1) Crushing, grinding, milling, or screening more than 5,000t of material in a year. ERA 54 – Mechanical waste reprocessing (1) Operating a facility for receiving and mechanically reprocessing, in a year, more than 5,000t of inert, non-putrescible waste or green waste only.	Harlaxton Quarry: Lot 2 on RP844703, Lot 3 on SP299361, Lot 75 on RP17514, Lot 76 on RP17514, Lot 77 on RP17514, Lot 78 on RP17514, Lot 79 on RP17514, Lot 80 on RP17514, Lot 81 on RP17514, Lot 82 on RP17514, Lot 83 on RP17514, Lot 84 on RP17514, Lot 85 on RP17514, Lot 86 on RP17514, Lot 87 on RP17514, Lot 88 on RP17514, Lot 293 on CC1475, Lot 374 on SP272172, and Lot 918 on RP844703.

ABN 46 640 294 485

Queensland Government

Additional information for applicants

Environmentally relevant activities

The description of any environmentally relevant activity (ERA) for which an environmental authority (EA) is issued is a restatement of the ERA as defined by legislation at the time the EA is issued. Where there is any inconsistency between that description of an ERA and the conditions stated by an EA as to the scale, intensity or manner of carrying out an ERA, the conditions prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.

An EA authorises the carrying out of an ERA and does not authorise any environmental harm unless a condition stated by the EA specifically authorises environmental harm.

A person carrying out an ERA must also be a registered suitable operator under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* (EP Act).

Mobile and temporary activities

If you operate a mobile and temporary environmentally relevant activity (ERA), other than regulated waste transport, you are required to maintain a work diary. You must:

- use the approved form for a work diary (ESR/2015/1696);
- keep the work diary records for 2 years after the last entry;
- inform the administering authority within 7 days of the work diary being lost or stolen;
- record the information required in the work diary for each location within 1 day of leaving the location.

Contaminated land

It is a requirement of the EP Act that an owner or occupier of land give written notice to the administering authority if they become aware of the following:

- the presence of, or happening of an event involving, a hazardous contaminant on the land that is causing, or is reasonably likely to cause, serious or material environmental harm (notice must be given within 24 hours); or
- if the land is contaminated land – a change in the condition of the land that is causing, or is reasonably likely to cause, serious or material environmental harm (notice must be given within 24 hours); or
- a notifiable activity (as defined in Schedule 3) having been carried out, or is being carried out, on the land (notice must be given within 20 business days).

For further information, including the form for giving written notice, refer to the Queensland Government website www.qld.gov.au, using the search term ‘duty to notify’.

Take effect

Please note that, in accordance with section 200 of the EP Act, an EA has effect:

a) if the authority is for a prescribed ERA and it states that it takes effect on the day nominated by the holder of the authority in a written notice given to the administering authority – on the nominated day; or

b) if the authority states a day or an event for it to take effect – on the stated day or when the stated event happens; or

c) otherwise – on the day the authority is issued.

However, if the EA is authorising an activity that requires an additional authorisation (a relevant tenure for a resource activity, a development permit under the *Planning Act 2016* or an SDA Approval under the *State*

Development and Public Works Organisation Act 1971), this EA will not take effect until the additional authorisation has taken effect.

If this EA takes effect when the additional authorisation takes effect, you must provide the administering authority written notice within 5 business days of receiving notification of the related additional authorisation taking effect.

The anniversary day of this environmental authority is the same day each year as the effective date. The payment of the annual fee will be due each year on this day.

If you have incorrectly claimed that an additional authorisation is not required, carrying out the ERA without the additional authorisation is not legal and could result in your prosecution for providing false or misleading information or operating without a valid environmental authority.



Signature

18 April 2024

Date

Helena Braye
Manager
Department of Environment, Science and Innovation
Delegate of the administering authority
Environmental Protection Act 1994

Enquiries:
Energy and Extractive Resources Business Centre
GPO Box 2454, BRISBANE QLD 4001
P: (07) 3330 5715
E: EnergyandExtractive@des.qld.gov.au

Obligations under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994*

In addition to the requirements found in the conditions of this environmental authority, the holder must also meet their obligations under the EP Act, and the regulations made under the EP Act. For example, the holder must comply with the following provisions of the Act:

- general environmental duty (section 319)
- duty to notify environmental harm (section 320-320G)
- offence of causing serious or material environmental harm (sections 437-439)
- offence of causing environmental nuisance (section 440)
- offence of depositing prescribed water contaminants in waters and related matters (section 440ZG)
- offence to place contaminant where environmental harm or nuisance may be caused (section 443)

Other permits required

This permit only provides an approval under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994*. In order to lawfully operate you may also require permits / approvals from your local government authority, other business units within the department and other State Government agencies prior to commencing any activity at the site. For example, this may include permits / approvals with your local Council (for planning approval), the Department of Transport and Main Roads (to access State controlled roads), the Department of Resources (to clear vegetation), and the Department of Agriculture and Fisheries (to clear marine plants or to obtain a quarry material allocation).

Obligations under the *Mining and Quarrying Safety and Health Act 1999*

If you are operating a quarry, other than a sand and gravel quarry where there is no crushing capability, you will be required to comply with the *Mining and Quarrying Safety and Health Act 1999*. For more information on your obligations under this legislation contact Mine Safety and Health at www.resources.qld.gov.au, or phone 13 QGOV (13 74 68) or your local Mines Inspectorate Office.

Development Approval

This permit is not a development approval under the *Planning Act 2016*. The conditions of this environmental authority are separate, and in addition to, any conditions that may be on the development approval. If a copy of this environmental authority is attached to a development approval, it is for information only, and may not be current. Please contact the Department of Environment, Science and Innovation to ensure that you have the most current version of the environmental authority relating to this site.

Conditions of environmental authority

Agency interest: General	
Condition Number	**Condition**
G1	Activities conducted under this environmental authority must be conducted in accordance with the following limitation: 1. the activities (extractive and screening activities) must not exceed a 1,000,000t in a year; and 2. the mechanical waste processing and crushing, grinding, milling and screening activities under ERA 54-1 and ERA 33 must not exceed 20,000t in a year; and 3. The only material authorised to be crushed, ground, milled or screened under ERA 54-1 and ERA 33 activities is: i. inert, non-putrescible waste; and ii. concrete washout and returned concrete waste. 4. The mechanical waste processing and crushing, grinding, milling and screening activities under ERA 54-1 and ERA 33 are permitted to operate only within the area defined as the 'Ancillary Operations Area' and within the defined extraction boundary as specified in *Appendix 1: Defined Extraction Area*, and *Appendix 2: Ancillary Operations Area*.
G2	All reasonable and practicable measures must be taken to minimise the likelihood of environmental harm being caused.
G3	Any breach of a condition of this environmental authority, must be reported to the administering authority as soon as practicable, or at most, within 24 hours of **you** becoming aware of the breach. Records must be kept including full details of the breach and any subsequent actions undertaken.
G4	Within 10 business days following the initial notification unless a longer time is agreed to by the administering authority, a written report must be provided to the administering authority, including the following: a) full details of the breach; and b) any subsequent actions to prevent a recurrence of the breach; and c) outcomes of actions taken at the time to prevent or minimise environmental harm and/or environmental nuisance.
G5	Other than as permitted by this environmental authority, the release of a contaminant into the environment must not occur.
G6	All information and records that are required by the conditions of this environmental authority must be kept for a minimum of five (5) years. Environmental monitoring results must be kept until surrender of this environmental authority. All information and records required by the conditions of this environmental authority must be provided to the administering authority upon request.
G7	An appropriately qualified person(s) must monitor, record and interpret all parameters that are required to be monitored by this environmental authority and in the manner specified by this environmental authority.
G8	All analyses required under this environmental authority must be carried out by a laboratory that has NATA certification, or an equivalent certification, for such analyses. The only exception to this condition is for *in situ* monitoring of pH.
G9	When required by the administering authority, monitoring must be undertaken in the manner prescribed by the administering authority, to investigate a complaint that is not considered by the administering authority to be frivolous or vexatious, of environmental nuisance arising from the activity. The monitoring results must be provided to the administering authority upon request.
G10	The activity must be undertaken in accordance with written procedures that:

<table>
<tr><td></td><td>1. identify potential risks to the environment from the activity during routine operations, closure and an emergency;
2. establish and maintain control measures that minimise the potential for environmental harm;
3. ensure plant, equipment and measures are maintained in a proper and effective condition;
4. ensure plant, equipment and measures are operated in a proper and effective manner
5. ensure that staff are trained and aware of their obligations under the Environmental Protection Act 1994; and
6. ensure that reviews of environmental performance are undertaken at least annually.</td></tr>
<tr><td>G11</td><td>Chemicals and fuels in containers of greater than 15 litres must be stored within a secondary containment system.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Agency interest: Air</td></tr>
<tr><td>Condition Number</td><td>Condition</td></tr>
<tr><td>A1</td><td>Other than as permitted within this environmental authority, odours or airborne contaminants which are noxious or offensive or otherwise unreasonably disruptive to public amenity or safety must not cause nuisance to any sensitive place or commercial place.</td></tr>
<tr><td>A2</td><td>Dust and particulate matter emissions must not exceed the following concentrations at any sensitive place or commercial place:
a) dust deposition of 120 milligrams per square metre per day, when monitored in accordance with Australian Standard AS 3580.10.1 (or more recent editions).</td></tr>
<tr><td>A3</td><td>Dust monitoring must be undertaken in accordance with Table - Dust Monitoring Requirements.

Table - Dust Monitoring Requirements
<table>
<tr><th>Determination Required</th><th>Concurrent Monitoring Locations</th><th>Frequency</th></tr>
<tr><td>Dust Deposition</td><td>ML1 – 6 Munro Street, Harlaxton
ML2 – 13 Prince Street, Harlaxton
ML5 – 13 Gregory Street, Harlaxton
ML9 – 25-29 Mabel Street, Harlaxton</td><td>Monthly</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>Another site relevant to investigating a complaint agreed to by the administering authority (see note 2)</td><td>Three consecutive months.</td></tr>
</table>
Associated requirements
1. if it is not possible to monitor at these locations alternate locations must be agreed to by the administering authority.
2. this additional site dust deposition monitoring applies if advised in writing by the administering authority to investigate a complaint of dust nuisance allegedly caused by the activity that is not considered by the administering authority to be frivolous, vexatious, where an existing monitoring site is inadequate to investigate the complaint.
3. the dust monitoring must be carried out:
i. in accordance with the latest edition of the administering authority’s Air Quality Sampling Manual; and
ii. in conjunction with the recording of precipitation, wind speed and direction;
iii. an assessment of compliance against the dust deposition limit’
iv. qualitative assessment of any material impact of weather on the dust deposition results, for example, any extreme weather events or dust storms
v. implications drawn for dust management actions; and</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><td></td><td>vi. details of any dust complaint investigations.</td></tr>
<tr><td>A4</td><td>Additional information including production rate, operational hours of crushing and screening equipment and quantity of material processed must also be recorded during the monitoring period.</td></tr>
<tr><td>A5</td><td>A dust monitoring report must be submitted six monthly addressing the periods October to March and April to September to the administering authority including:
a) the monitoring results for dust deposition, precipitation, wind speed and direction;
b) an assessment of compliance against the dust deposition limit;
c) qualitative assessment of any material impact of weather on the dust deposition results, for example, any extreme weather events or dust storms;
d) implications drawn for dust management actions; and
e) details of any dust compliant investigations</td></tr>
<tr><td>A6</td><td>A Dust Management Plan, reviewed every two (2) years and approved by the administering authority must be implemented, and any amendments must be submitted to the administering authority for approval.</td></tr>
<tr><td>A7</td><td>The dimensions of any waste stockpiles must not exceed 8 metres (m) for the maximum height from the base.</td></tr>
<tr><td>A8</td><td>Waste stockpiles must be maintained using all reasonable and practicable measures necessary to minimise the release of wind-blown dust or particulate matter to the atmosphere.</td></tr>
<tr><td>A9</td><td>All reasonable and practicable measures necessary to prevent and/or minimise the release of particulate material matter and dust to the atmosphere from the screening equipment must be undertaken.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Agency interest: Water</td></tr>
<tr><td>Condition Number</td><td>Condition</td></tr>
<tr><td>WT1</td><td>The only contaminants to be released to surface waters are settled treated stormwater runoff waters from areas of the site not likely to be contaminated with waste materials to surface waters in accordance with Table —Surface water release limits and the associated monitoring requirements.

Table — Surface water release limits

<table>
<tr><th>Monitoring Point Description</th><th>Quality Characteristics</th><th>Release Limit</th><th>Limit Type</th><th>Frequency</th></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Any stormwater release to the environment</td><td>pH</td><td>6.5-9.0</td><td>Range</td><td rowspan="3">Once during each release event</td></tr>
<tr><td>Suspended Solids</td><td><10%</td><td>Maximum</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total Dissolved Solids (Salinity)</td><td>1000mg/L</td><td>Maximum</td></tr>
</table>
Less than 10% change of seasonal mean concentration of surface water

Associated monitoring requirements
1. monitoring location and release points/areas must be in accordance with any Stormwater and/or Sediment and Erosion Control Plan for the site.
2. monitoring must be in accordance with the methods prescribed in the current edition of the Department of Environment, Science and Innovation Water Quality Sampling Manual.
3. samples must be taken using representative samples.</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><td></td><td>4. all determinations must employ analytical practical quantification limits sufficiently low enough to enable comparisons to be made against water quality objectives/limits relevant to the particular water quality characteristic.
5. monitoring must be undertaken during a release as per the frequency stated.
6. all monitoring devices must be correctly calibrated and maintained.</td></tr>
<tr><td>WT2</td><td>Monitoring of contaminant releases to waters must be undertaken in accordance with condition WT1 and records of the results must be kept.</td></tr>
<tr><td>WT3</td><td>In addition to WT1, the release to waters must not:
1. have any other properties at a concentration that is capable of causing environmental harm;
2. produce any slick or other visible evidence of oil or grease, nor contain visible floating oil, grease, scum, litter or other visually objectionable matter.</td></tr>
<tr><td>WT4</td><td>The stormwater runoff from disturbed areas, generated by (up to and including) a 24 hour storm event with an average recurrence interval of 1 in 5 years must be retained on site or managed to remove contaminants before release.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Agency interest: Noise</td></tr>
<tr><td>Condition Number</td><td>Condition</td></tr>
<tr><td>N1</td><td>Other than permitted by condition N6, noise generated by the activity must not cause environmental nuisance to any sensitive place.</td></tr>
<tr><td>N2</td><td>A noise management plan must be designed by appropriately qualified persons and implemented to manage effects of the activity on a sensitive place.</td></tr>
<tr><td>N3</td><td>Noise from the activity is not considered an environmental nuisance if the levels identified in Table - Noise limits are not exceeded, when measured in accordance with associated monitoring requirements.

Table — Noise limits
<table>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Noise level measured in dB(A)</td><td colspan="3">Monday to Saturday</td><td colspan="3">Sunday and Public Holidays</td></tr>
<tr><td>7am-6pm</td><td>6pm-10pm</td><td>10pm-7am</td><td>9am-6pm</td><td>6pm-10pm</td><td>10pm-9am</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="6">Noise measured at the nearest sensitive place</td></tr>
<tr><td>$L_{Aeq,adj,1hr}$</td><td>50</td><td>40</td><td>35</td><td>45</td><td>40</td><td>35</td></tr>
<tr><td>Max $L_{pA,15min}$</td><td>N/A</td><td>49</td><td>49</td><td>N/A</td><td>49</td><td>49</td></tr>
</table>
Associated monitoring requirements
1. all monitoring devices must be correctly calibrated and maintained.
2. any monitoring must be in accordance with the most recent version of the administering authority's Noise Measurement Manual.
3. any monitoring of noise emissions from the activity must be undertaken when the activity is in operation.
4. max $L_{pA,\ 15\ min}$ measured as component level.</td></tr>
<tr><td>N4</td><td>When required by the administering authority, noise monitoring must be undertaken in accordance with the associated monitoring requirements of Table 4—Noise Limits, and the results notified within 14 days to the administering authority. Monitoring must include:
1. $L_{Aeq,adj,1hr}$;
2. Background noise (Background) as $L_{A90,adj,T}$;
3. max$L_{pA,15\ min}$;
4. the level and frequency of occurrence of any impulsive or tonal noise;
5. atmospheric conditions including wind speed and direction;</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><td></td><td>6. effects due to extraneous factors such as traffic noise;
7. location, date and time of recording.</td></tr>
<tr><td>N5</td><td>Blasting activities must not exceed the limits for peak particle velocity and air blast overpressure in Table —Blasting noise limits when measured at any sensitive place in accordance with the associated monitoring requirements.

Table – Blasting noise limits
<table>
<tr><th>Blasting Criteria</th><th>Blasting Limits</th><th>Monitoring Frequency</th></tr>
<tr><td>Airblast Overpressure</td><td>115 dB (Linear) Peak for more than 1 blast out of any 5 consecutive blasts.</td><td rowspan="3">Each blast</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Ground vibration peak particle velocity</td><td>For vibrations more than 35 hertz, peak particle velocity of 25 millimetres per second.</td></tr>
<tr><td>For vibrations less than 35 hertz, peak particle velocity of 10 millimetres per second.</td></tr>
</table>
Associated monitoring requirements
1. monitoring must be in accordance with the most recent editions of the administering authority's Guideline – Noise and vibration from blasting (ESR/2016/2169) and Noise Measurement Manual and any relevant Australian standard.
2. all monitoring devices must be correctly calibrated and maintained.
3. monitoring locations must be on Lot 58 on Plan RP17732 and adjacent to Lot 73 on Plan RP17514 or alternate locations agreed to by the administering authority.</td></tr>
<tr><td>N6</td><td>Blasting must be carried out in accordance with the current edition of the administering authority's Guideline – Noise and vibration from blasting (ESR/2016/2169) and with Australian Standard 2187.</td></tr>
<tr><td>N7</td><td>When required by the administering authority, a blast monitoring program must be developed and implemented to monitor compliance with Table —Blasting noise limits at any sensitive place.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Agency interest: Land</td></tr>
<tr><td>Condition Number</td><td>Condition</td></tr>
<tr><td>L1</td><td>Completed areas must be rehabilitated by landscaping or revegetating as soon as practicable and to the satisfaction of the administering authority.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Agency interest: Waste</td></tr>
<tr><td>Condition Number</td><td>Condition</td></tr>
<tr><td>W1</td><td>All waste generated in carrying out the activity must be reused, recycled or removed to a facility that can lawfully accept the waste.</td></tr>
</table>

Definitions

Key terms and/or phrases used in this document are defined in this section. Where a term is not defined, the definition in the *Environmental Protection Act 1994*, its regulations or environmental protection policies must be used. If a word remains undefined it has its ordinary meaning.

Activity means the environmentally relevant activities, whether resource activities or prescribed activities, to which the environmental authority relates.

Administering authority means the Department of Environment, Science and Innovation, or its successor or predecessors.

Airblast overpressure is the energy transmitted from the blast site within the atmosphere in the form of pressure waves. As these waves pass a given position, the pressure of the air rises very rapidly then falls more slowly then returns to the ambient value after a number of oscillations. The pressure wave consists of both audible (noise) and inaudible (concussion) energy. The maximum excess pressure in this wave is known as the peak air overpressure, generally measured in decibels using the linear frequency-weighting.

Appropriately qualified person(s) means a person or persons who has professional qualifications, training, skills or experience relevant to the nominated subject matter and can give authoritative assessment, advice and analysis to performance relative to the subject matter using the relevant protocols, standards, methods or literature.

Background means noise, measured in the absence of the noise under investigation, as L A90,T being the A-weighted sound pressure level exceeded for 90 per cent of the time period of not less than 15 minutes, using Fast response.

Blasting is the use of explosives to fracture:

- rock, coal and other minerals for later recovery; or
- structural components or other items to facilitate removal from a site or for reuse.

Environmental nuisance as defined in Chapter 1 of the *Environmental Protection Act 1994*.

$\mathbf{L_{a10,adj,1hr}}$ means the A-weighted sound pressure level, adjusted for tonal character or impulsiveness, that is exceeded for 10% of a 1 hour period when measured using time-weighting 'F'.

$\mathbf{L_{Aeq\ adj,T}}$ means the adjusted A weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level measures on fast response, adjusted for tonality and impulsiveness, during the time period T, where T is measured for a period no less than 15 minutes when the activity is causing a steady state noise, and no shorter than one hour when the approved activity is causing an intermittent noise.

$\mathbf{MAX_{LpA,T}}$ means the maximum A-weighted sound pressure level measured over a time period T of not less than 15 minutes, using Fast response.

Measures has the broadest interpretation and includes plant, equipment, physical objects, bunding, containment systems, monitoring, procedures, actions, directions and competency.

NATA means National Association of Testing Authorities.

Noxious means harmful or injurious to health or physical well-being.

Offensive means causing offence or displeasure; is unreasonably disagreeable to the sense; disgusting, nauseous or repulsive.

Prescribed contaminants means contaminants listed within Schedule 9 of the Environmental Protection Regulation 2019.

Records include breach notifications, written procedures, analysis results, monitoring reports and monitoring programs required under a condition of this authority.

Release of a contaminant into the environment means to:

- deposit, discharge, emit or disturb the contaminant
- cause or allow the contaminant to be deposited, discharged, emitted or disturbed
- fail to prevent the contaminant from being deposited, discharged emitted or disturbed
- allow the contaminant to escape
- fail to prevent the contaminant from escaping.

Secondary containment system means a system designed, installed and operated to prevent any release of contaminants from the system, or containers within the system, to land, groundwater, or surface waters.

Sensitive place includes the following and includes a place within the curtilage of such a place reasonably used by persons at that place:

- a dwelling, residential allotment, mobile home or caravan park, residential marina or other residential premises; or
- a motel, hotel or hostel; or
- a kindergarten, school, university or other educational institution; or
- a medical centre or hospital; or
- a protected area under the Nature Conservation Act 1992, the Marine Parks Act 2004 or a World Heritage Area; or
- a public thoroughfare, park or gardens; or
- for noise, a place defined as a sensitive receptor for the purposes of the Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 2019.

Substantial low frequency noise means a noise emission that has an unbalanced frequency spectrum shown in a one-third octave band measurement, with a predominant component within the frequency range 10 to 200Hz. It includes any noise emission likely to cause an overall sound pressure level at a sensitive place exceeding 55dB(Z).

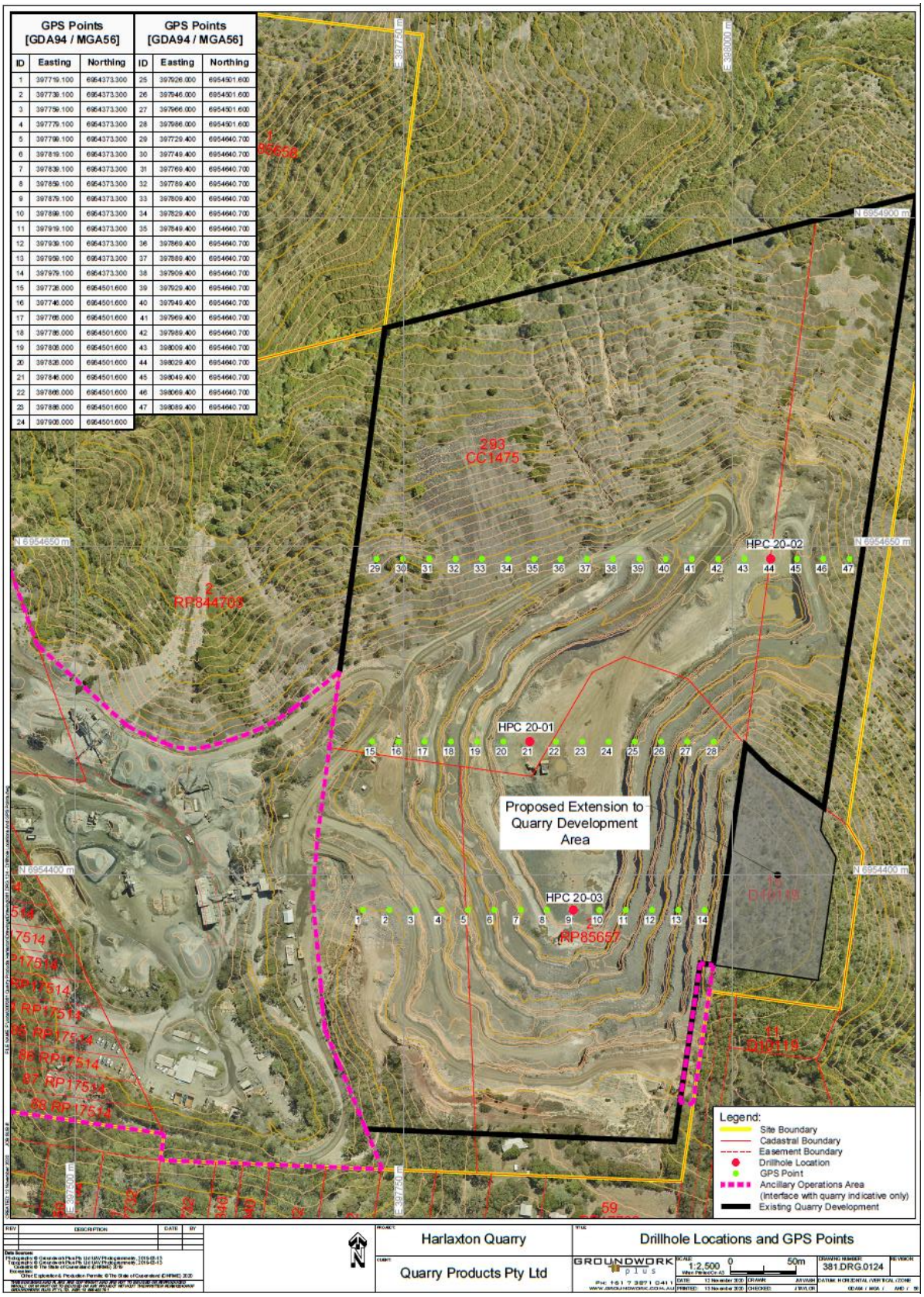
24 hour storm event with an average recurrence interval of 1 in 5 years means the maximum rainfall depth from a 24 hour duration precipitation event with an average recurrence interval of once in 5 years. For example, an Intensity-Frequency-Duration table for a 24 hour duration event with an average recurrence interval of 1 in 5 years, identifies a rainfall intensity of 7.09mm/hour. The rainfall depth for this event is therefore 24 hour x 7.09mm/hour = 170.16mm.

Vibration is the oscillating or periodic motion of a particle, group of particles, or solid object about its equilibrium position.

Waters includes river, stream, lake, lagoon, pond, swamp, wetland, unconfined surface water, unconfined water, natural or artificial watercourse, bed and bank of any waters, dams, non-tidal or tidal waters (including the sea), stormwater channel, stormwater drain, roadside gutter, stormwater run-off, and groundwater and any part thereof.

You means the holder of the environmental authority.

Appendix 1 – Defined Extraction Area



Appendix 2 – Ancillary Operations Area



END OF ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORITY