

Permit

Environmental Protection Act 1994

Environmental authority EPML00550913

This environmental authority is issued by the administering authority under Chapter 5 of the Environmental Protection Act 1994.

Environmental authority number: EPML00550913

Environmental authority takes effect on 14 June 2018

Environmental authority holder(s)

Name(s)	Registered address
TWC LOGISTICS PTY LTD	1427 Ipswich Rd ROCKLEA QLD 4106 Australia

Environmentally relevant activity and location details

Environmentally relevant activity/activities	Location(s)
Resource Activity, Schedule 2A, 20: Clay pit mining, dimension stone mining or mining gemstones (including the material from which gemstones are extracted), (a) at least 5,000t but not more than 100,000t in a year	ML4585

Additional information for applicants

Environmentally relevant activities

The description of any environmentally relevant activity (ERA) for which an environmental authority (EA) is issued is a restatement of the ERA as defined by legislation at the time the EA is issued. Where there is any inconsistency between that description of an ERA and the conditions stated by an EA as to the scale, intensity or manner of carrying out an ERA, the conditions prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.

An EA authorises the carrying out of an ERA and does not authorise any environmental harm unless a condition stated by the EA specifically authorises environmental harm.

A person carrying out an ERA must also be a registered suitable operator under the Environmental Protection Act 1994 (EP Act).

Contaminated land

It is a requirement of the EP Act that an owner or occupier of contaminated land give written notice to the administering authority if they become aware of the following:

- the happening of an event involving a hazardous contaminant on the contaminated land (notice must be given within 24 hours); or
- a change in the condition of the contaminated land (notice must be given within 24 hours); or
- a notifiable activity (as defined in Schedule 3) having been carried out, or is being carried out, on the contaminated land (notice must be given within 20 business days);

that is causing, or is reasonably likely to cause, serious or material environmental harm.

Environmental authority

For further information, including the form for giving written notice, refer to the Queensland Government website www.qld.gov.au, using the search term 'duty to notify'.

Take effect

Please note that, in accordance with section 200 of the EP Act, an EA has effect:

- a) if the authority is for a prescribed ERA and it states that it takes effect on the day nominated by the holder of the authority in a written notice given to the administering authority-on the nominated day; or
- b) if the authority states a day or an event for it to take effect-on the stated day or when the stated event happens; or
- c) otherwise-on the day the authority is issued.

However, if the EA is authorising an activity that requires an additional authorisation (a relevant tenure for a resource activity, a development permit under the Sustainable Planning Act 2009 or an SDA Approval under the State Development and Public Works Organisation Act 1971), this EA will not take effect until the additional authorisation has taken effect.

If this EA takes effect when the additional authorisation takes effect, you must provide the administering authority written notice within 5 business days of receiving notification of the related additional authorisation taking effect.

If you have incorrectly claimed that an additional authorisation is not required, carrying out the ERA without the additional authorisation is not legal and could result in your prosecution for providing false or misleading information or operating without a valid environmental authority.

Dean Sharpe
Department of Environment and Science
Delegate of the administering authority
Environmental Protection Act 1994

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Date issued: 14 June 2018

Legislative Requirements and Conditions of Environmental Authority

Condition

General

- G1 Provide a financial assurance in the amount and form required by the administering authority prior to the commencement of the mining activities.
- G2 The financial assurance is to remain in force until the administering authority is satisfied that no claim on the assurance is likely.

- G3 In carrying out the mining activities the holder must take reasonable and practicable measures to prevent or minimise the likelihood of environmental harm being caused. Any mining activities that, if carried out incompetently or negligently may cause environmental harm, shall be carried out in a proper manner in accordance with the conditions of this authority.

Note. This authority authorises the mining activities. It does not authorise environmental harm unless a condition hereof explicitly authorises that harm. Where there is no such condition or the authority is silent on a matter, the lack of a condition or silence shall not be construed as authorising harm.

- G4 The holder must:
- a) install all measures, plant and equipment necessary to ensure compliance with the conditions of this authority;
 - b) maintain such measures, plant and equipment in a proper and efficient condition; and
 - c) operate such measures, plant and equipment in a proper and efficient manner.
- G5 Record, compile and keep for a minimum of five years the results of monitoring required by or under this authority and make those records available for inspection upon request by the administering authority.

- G6 A competent person must conduct any monitoring required by or under this authority.
- G7 Spillage of any chemicals or petroleum products must be contained on the site and rectified whereby environmental harm other than of a trivial nature is not caused.
- G8 All petroleum product storage must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with Australian Standard 1940 - Storage and Handling of Flammable or Combustible Liquids.

Condition

Air

- A1 The release of dust or other particulate matter resulting from the mining activities must not cause an environmental nuisance at any sensitive place.
- A2 For the purposes of condition A1 and without limiting the applicability of other criteria relevant in particular circumstances, the mining activities would cause environmental nuisance where dust or other particulate matter resulting from the mining activities exceeds the following limits when measured at a sensitive place:
- a) dust deposition of 120 milligrams per square meter per day or 4 grams per square meter per month, when monitored in accordance with Australian Standard 3580.10.1 Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air - Determination of particulates - Deposited matter - Gravimetric method; or
- b) a concentration of suspended particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of less than 10 micrometres (μm) (PM10) of 150 micrograms per cubic meter over a 24 hour averaging time at a sensitive place downwind, when monitored in accordance with:
- i) Australian Standard AS 3580.9.6 Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air - Determination of particulate matter - PM (sub) 10 high-volume sampler with size-selective inlet - Gravimetric method; or
- ii) any alternative method of monitoring PM10 which may be permitted by the 'Air Quality Sampling Manual' as published from time to time by the administering authority.

- A3 Dust or other particulate monitoring must be undertaken as directed by the administering authority to investigate any complaint about dust nuisance being caused by the mining activities, which complaint in the opinion of an authorised person is not frivolous, vexatious nor based on mistaken belief, and the results thereof notified to the administering authority within 14 days following completion of monitoring. For the purposes of this condition, monitoring must be carried out by a competent person at a site relevant to the potentially affected sensitive place and at upwind control site(s) and must include:
- a) for a complaint alleging dust nuisance, dust deposition rate; and
 - b) for a complaint alleging adverse health effects caused by dust, the concentration per cubic metre of suspended PM10 over a 24 hr averaging time.
- A4 If an authorised person's opinion is that monitoring results indicate environmental nuisance is being caused by dust or other particulate matter from the mining activities, the holder must
- a) address the complaint including the use of appropriate dispute resolution if required; or
 - b) immediately implement abatement measures so that emission of dust or other particulate matter from the ERAs does not result in further environmental nuisance.
- A5 The release of noxious or offensive odour or any other noxious or offensive airborne contaminant resulting from the mining activities must not cause an environmental nuisance at any sensitive place.

Condition

Water

- WA1 Waters affected by the mining activities must be monitored at the locations and frequencies prescribed in Table 3 Water quality monitoring locations and frequency, and those waters discharged from those locations must comply with the contaminant limits prescribed by Table 4 Water discharge contaminant release limits for SW2.
- WA2 Reasonable and practicable erosion protection measures and sediment control measures must be implemented and maintained to minimise erosion and the release of sediment.

- WA3 Water monitoring must comply with that set out in the latest edition of the Adminstrating Authority Water Quality Sampling Manual.
- WA4 If quality characteristics obtained from the downstream monitoring point identified in Table 3 Water quality monitoring locations and frequency exceed any of the trigger levels specified in Table 5 Contaminant trigger value investigation during a release event, the environmental authority must:
- a) where the trigger values are not exceeded then no action is to be taken; or
 - b) where the downstream monitoring point results exceed the trigger values specified in Table 5 Contaminant trigger value investigation for any quality characteristic, compare the results of the downstream monitoring site to the background monitoring site in Table 3 Water quality monitoring locations and frequency and;
 - 1. If the result is less than the background monitoring site data, then no action is to be taken; or
 - 2. If the result is greater than the background monitoring site data, complete an investigation into the potential for environmental harm and provide a written report to the administering authority within 90 days of receiving the result, outlining:
 - i. details of the investigation carried out; and
 - ii. actions taken to prevent environmental harm.

Condition

Acoustic

- N1 Noise from the mining activities must not cause an environmental nuisance at any sensitive place.
- N2 Noise monitoring must be undertaken as directed by the administering authority to investigate any complaint about noise nuisance being caused by the mining activities, which complaint in the opinion of an authorised person is not frivolous, vexatious nor based on mistaken belief, and the results thereof notified to the administering authority within 14 days following completion of monitoring. For the purposed of this condition, noise monitoring must be done by a competent person in accordance with the latest edition of the Adminstrating Authority Noise Measurement Manual and include:
- a) LA max adj, T;
 - b) relevant background sound level;
 - c) the level and frequency of occurrence of impulsive or tonal noise;

- d) atmospheric conditions including wind speed and direction; and
- e) location, date and time of measurements.

- N3 For the purposes of condition N1, the mining activities will not cause environmental nuisance where noise from the mining activities does not exceed the limits specified in Table 2 Noise limits.
- N4 If an authorised person's opinion is that monitoring results indicate environmental nuisance is being caused by noise from the mining activities, the holder must:
- a) address the complaint including the use of appropriate dispute resolution if required; or
 - b) immediately implement noise abatement measures so that emissions of noise from the mining activities do not result in further environmental nuisance.

Condition

Land

- L1 Effective measures must be implemented to prevent spontaneous combustion of land surface prior to surrender of this authority. Such measures may include capping prone areas with at least one metre of fine-grained inert fill.
- L2 Land disturbed by the mining activities must be rehabilitated in accordance with Table 1 Final land use and rehabilitation schedule.
- L4 Complete or partial surrender of this authority will not be approved by the administering authority unless requisite development and other statutory approvals have been issued in relation to industrial use of the site, or otherwise an alternative rehabilitation outcome must be nominated and application made to amend this authority accordingly.
- L3 Subject to conditions L4 and L5, disturbed land nominated for an industrial rehabilitation outcome will be satisfactorily rehabilitated when the land is stabilised and does not or will not have potential to cause harm.

- L5 Nomination of a final land use in Table 1 Final land use and rehabilitation schedule does not negate any local or state government planning or approval requirements for any development of that land.
- L6 All infrastructure for the mining activities and residual voids, including water storage structures, must be removed from the site prior to mining lease surrender, except where otherwise agreed to in writing by the Mining Registrar and land owner.

Condition

General

- W1 Tyres stored awaiting disposal or transport for take-back and recycling, or waste-to-energy options, should be stockpiled in volumes less than 3 metres in height and 200 square metres in area and at least 10 metres from any other tyre storage area.
- W2 Reasonable and practicable fire prevention measures must be implemented including removal of grass and other materials within a 10 metre radius of the scrap tyre storage area.
- W3 Scrap tyres must not be disposed of within the mining lease area.

Condition

Social

- S1 All complaints received by the holder must be recorded including details of the complainant, reasons for the complaint, investigations undertaken, conclusions formed and actions taken. This information must be made available for inspection by the administering authority upon request.

Condition

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General

G9 Please refer to EPML00550913 Definitions and EPML00550913 Map located in the Documents section of the permit Summary.

Condition

Condition

T1 Table 1 Final land use and rehabilitation schedule

Tenure ID	Cadastre reference	Disturbance type	Disturbance area (ha)	Rehabilitation outcome
ML4585	Lot 1 on RP103506 Lot 1 on RP104683 Lot 15 on RR855343 Lot 3 on RP222015 Lot 1 on SP121057 	Clay pit	3.0	Industrial land
		Chitters stockpiles	3.5	Industrial land
		Topsoil stockpiles	0.05	Industrial land
		Overburden stockpiles	0.1	Industrial land
		Truck parking and storage area	0.3	Industrial land
		Product storage areas	0.2	Industrial land
		Tailings Dams	0.4	Industrial land
		Roads	0.1	Industrial land
		Settlement dams	0.1	Industrial land
Total disturbance area			7.75	

T2 Table 2 Noise limits*

Noise level dB(A) measured as	Monday to Saturday			Sundays and public holidays		
	7am – 6pm	6pm – 10pm	10pm – 7am	9am – 6pm	6pm – 10pm	10pm – 9am
	Noise measured at a 'Noise sensitive place'					
LA, max adj, T	Background + 5 db(A)	Background + 5 db(A)	Background + 3 db(A)	Background + 3 db(A)	No audible noise	No audible noise
	Noise measured at a 'Commercial place'					
LA, max adj, T	Background + 10 db(A)	Background + 10 db(A)	Background + 5 db(A)	Background + 5 db(A)	Background + 3 db(A)	Background + 3 db(A)

Where "T" is 10 minutes and "Background" means background sound pressure level measured in accordance with the latest edition of the Administering Authority Noise Measurement Manual.

* Table 2 does not purport to set operating hours for the mining activities.

T3 Table 3 Water quality monitoring locations and frequency

Monitoring point	Location	Latitude	Longitude	Monitoring frequency/trigger
SW1 (background)	Southern boundary of ML4585 in an unnamed tributary to Bremer River. Access via culvert under the Warrego Highway	27.5904	152.8284	Within one hour of any sample taken at SW3
SW2	Spillway of sediment dam	37.5874	152.829	Any discharge water from the sediment dam off lease and thereafter daily for 3 days, then weekly, during a continuous discharge event
SW3 (downstream monitoring point)	Confluence of unnamed tributary and Bremer River	TBA by 30 July 2015	TBA by 30 July 2015	Commencement of release from SW2 and thereafter weekly during release.

Note: See Map 1

T4 Table 4 Water discharge contaminant release limits for SW2

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum
pH (range)	6.5	8
Conductivity ($\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$)	-	1500
Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)	-	50

T5 Table 5 Contaminant trigger value investigation

Parameter	Trigger value (maximum)
Total Suspended Solids (mg/l)	25*

*Based on value derived from Mid Estuary aquatic ecosystem value, Table 2a, in the Bremer River environmental values and water quality objectives, 2010.